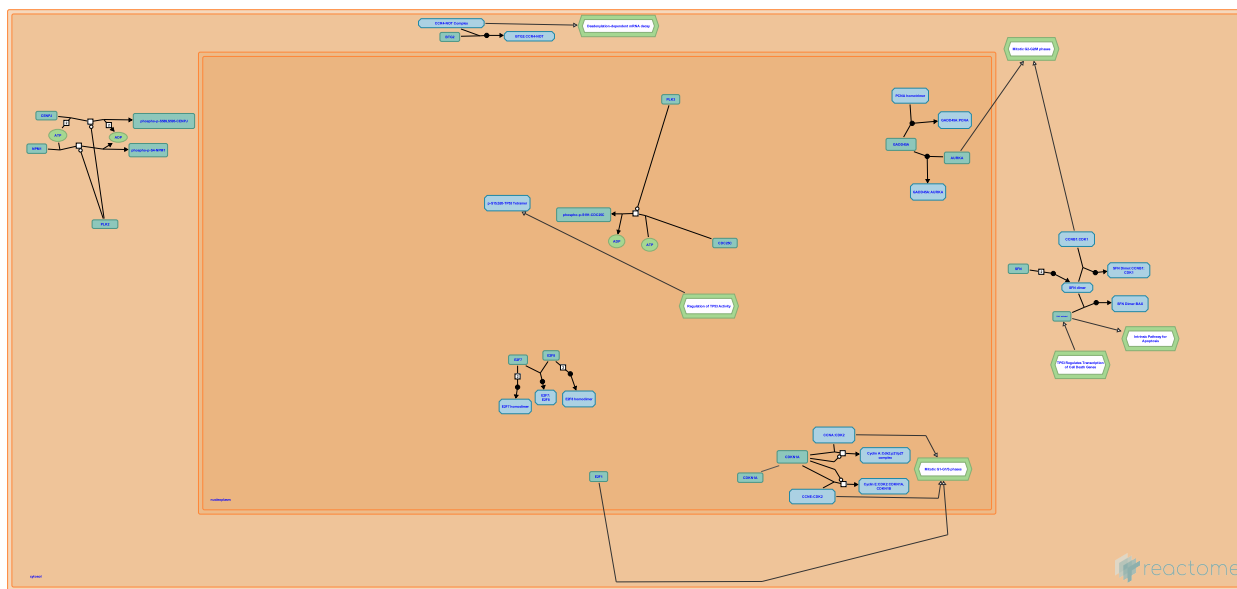


TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes



European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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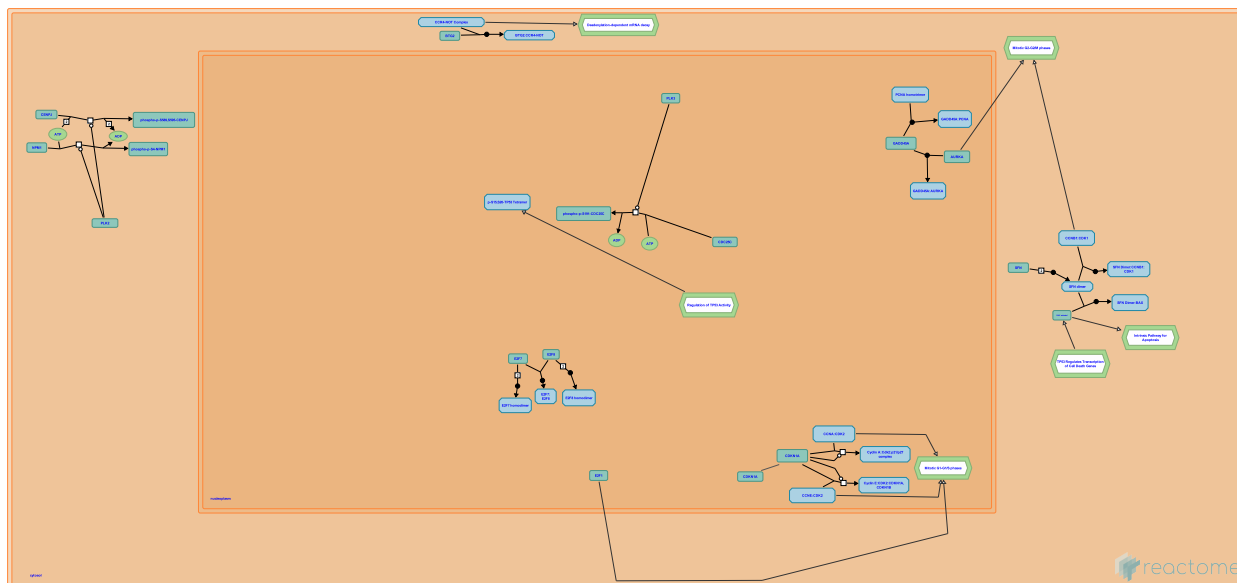
Reactome database release: 70

This document contains 4 pathways ([see Table of Contents](#))

TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes ↗

Stable identifier: R-CFA-6791312

Inferred from: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

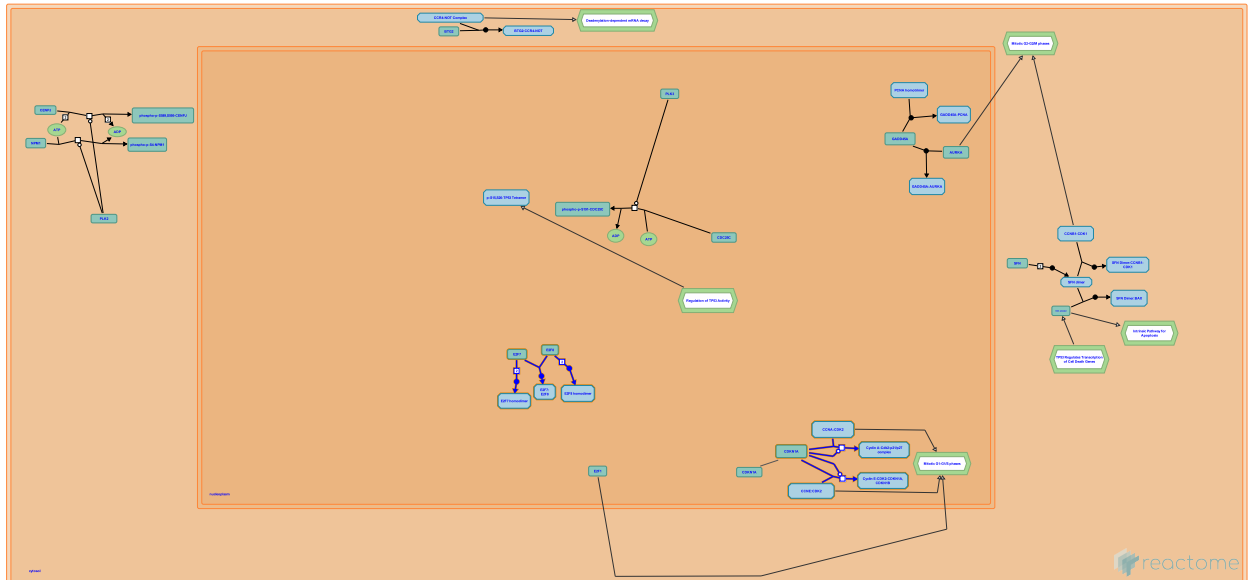
[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

TP53 Regulates Transcription of Genes Involved in G1 Cell Cycle Arrest ↗

Location: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes

Stable identifier: R-CFA-6804116

Inferred from: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Genes Involved in G1 Cell Cycle Arrest (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

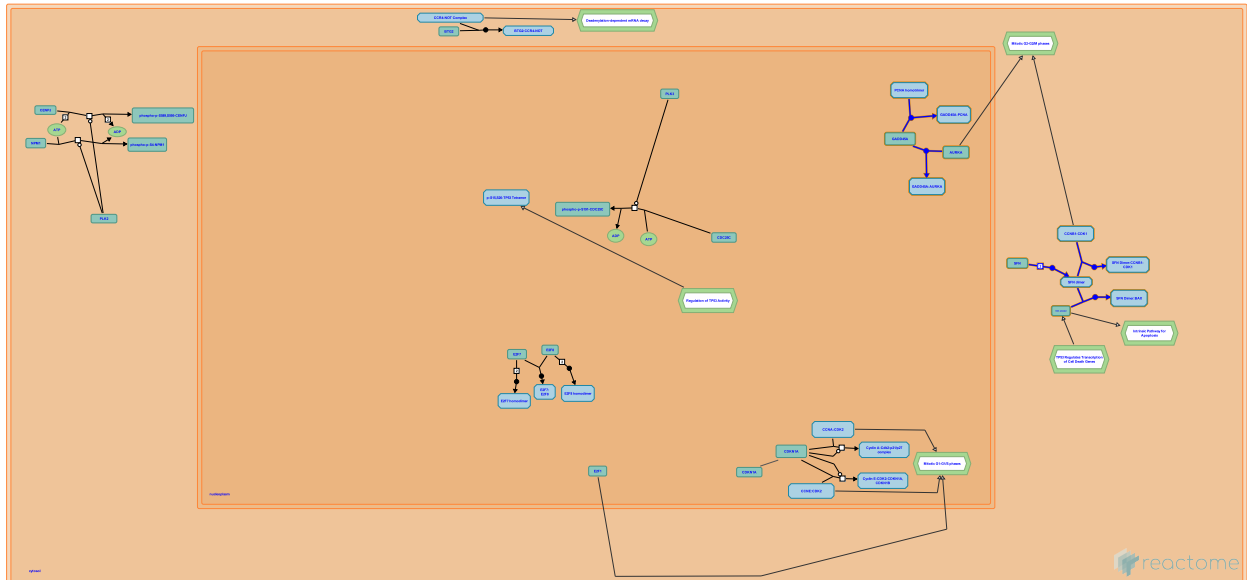
[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

TP53 Regulates Transcription of Genes Involved in G2 Cell Cycle Arrest ↗

Location: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes

Stable identifier: R-CFA-6804114

Inferred from: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Genes Involved in G2 Cell Cycle Arrest (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

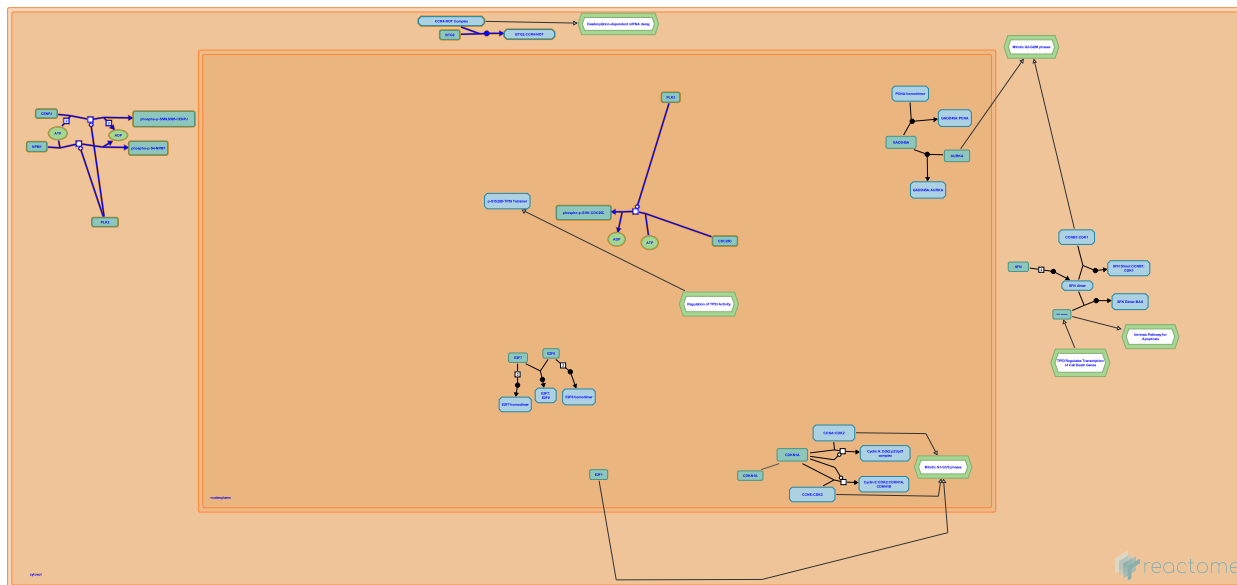
[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

TP53 regulates transcription of additional cell cycle genes whose exact role in the p53 pathway remain uncertain ↗

Location: TP53 Regulates Transcription of Cell Cycle Genes

Stable identifier: R-CFA-6804115

Inferred from: TP53 regulates transcription of additional cell cycle genes whose exact role in the p53 pathway remain uncertain (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

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