

Translocation of cytosolic ERBB4s80 to mitochondrial matrix

Earp HS, 3rd., Harris, RC., Matthews, L., Misor, AM., Orlic-Milacic, M., Stern, DF., Zeng, F.

European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

The contents of this document may be freely copied and distributed in any media, provided the authors, plus the institutions, are credited, as stated under the terms of [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International \(CC BY 4.0\) License](#). For more information see our [license](#).

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics*, 18, 142. [↗](#)
- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. [↗](#)
- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res*, 46, D649-D655. [↗](#)
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, 14, e1005968. [↗](#)

Reactome database release: 74

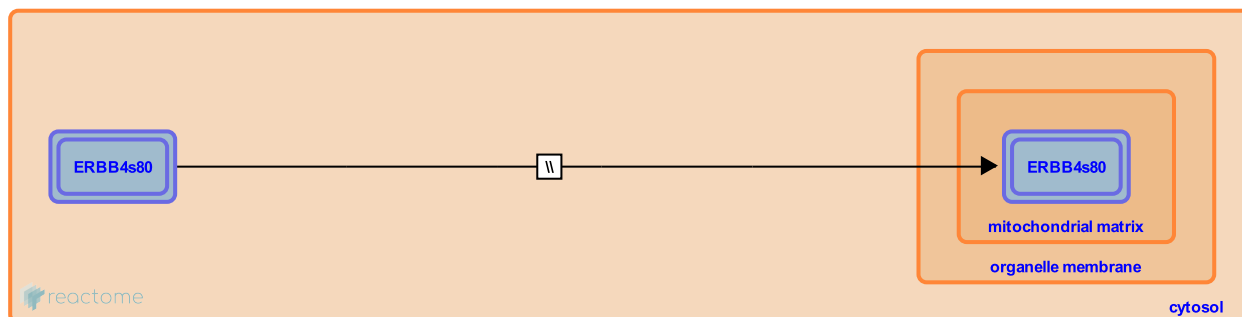
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

Translocation of cytosolic ERBB4s80 to mitochondrial matrix [↗](#)

Stable identifier: R-HSA-1254376

Type: omitted

Compartments: cytosol, mitochondrial matrix



Cytosolic ERBB4s80 is able to translocate to mitochondria where its BH3 domain, characteristic of BCL2 family members, may enable it to act as a pro-apoptotic factor (Naresh et al. 2006).

Literature references

Naresh, A., Long, W., Vidal, GA., Wimley, WC., Marrero, L., Sartor, CI. et al. (2006). The ERBB4/HER4 intracellular domain 4ICD is a BH3-only protein promoting apoptosis of breast cancer cells. *Cancer Res*, 66, 6412-20. [↗](#)

Editions

2011-11-04	Authored	Orlic-Milacic, M.
2011-11-07	Edited	Matthews, L.
2011-11-11	Reviewed	Harris, RC., Zeng, F.
2012-02-20	Reviewed	Earp HS, 3rd., Misiior, AM.
2019-02-21	Authored	Stern, DF.
2019-03-06	Edited	Orlic-Milacic, M.