

monophospho-CERT + 2 ATP => multiphos- pho-CERT + 2 ADP

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics*, 18, 142. [↗](#)
- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. [↗](#)
- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res*, 46, D649-D655. [↗](#)
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, 14, e1005968. [↗](#)

Reactome database release: 70

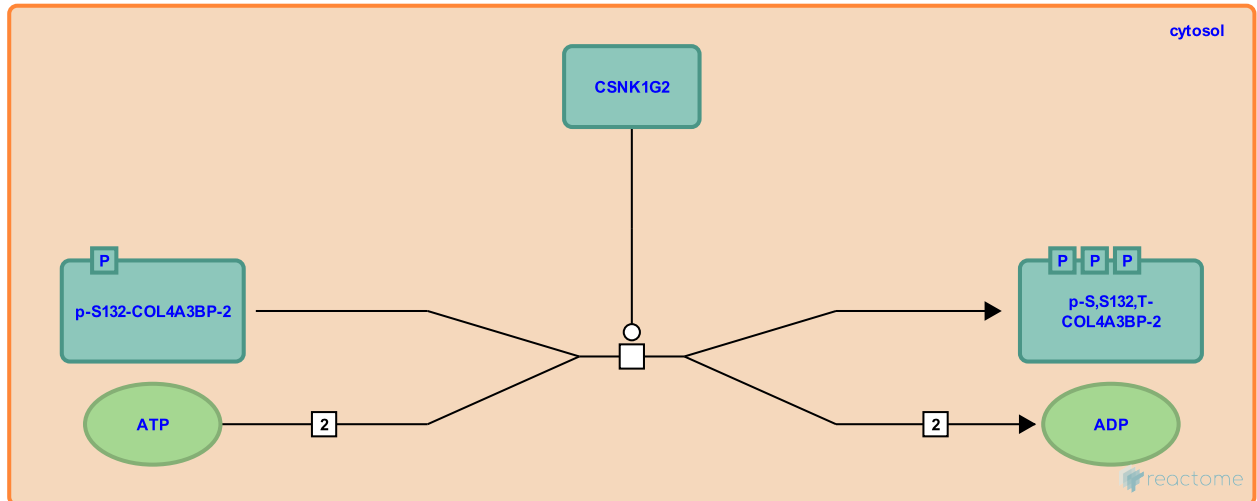
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

monophospho-CERT + 2 ATP => multiphospho-CERT + 2 ADP ↗

Stable identifier: R-HSA-429714

Type: transition

Compartments: cytosol



Cytosolic CSNK1G2 (casein kinase 1, gamma 2) catalyzes the phosphorylation of multiple serine and threonine residues of “CERT” (ceramide transfer protein) already phosphorylated on serine-132 (Tomishige et al. 2009). This reaction has the effect of inhibiting ceramide transport from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi apparatus as multiphospho-CERT is unable to bind ceramides or associate with the Golgi membrane.

Literature references

Tomishige, N., Kumagai, K., Kusuda, J., Nishijima, M., Hanada, K. (2009). Casein kinase I{gamma}2 down-regulates trafficking of ceramide in the synthesis of sphingomyelin. *Mol Biol Cell*, 20, 348-57. ↗

Editions

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|------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| 2009-08-20 | Authored, Edited | D'Eustachio, P. |
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