

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics*, 18, 142. [↗](#)
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- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res*, 46, D649-D655. [↗](#)
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, 14, e1005968. [↗](#)

Reactome database release: 70

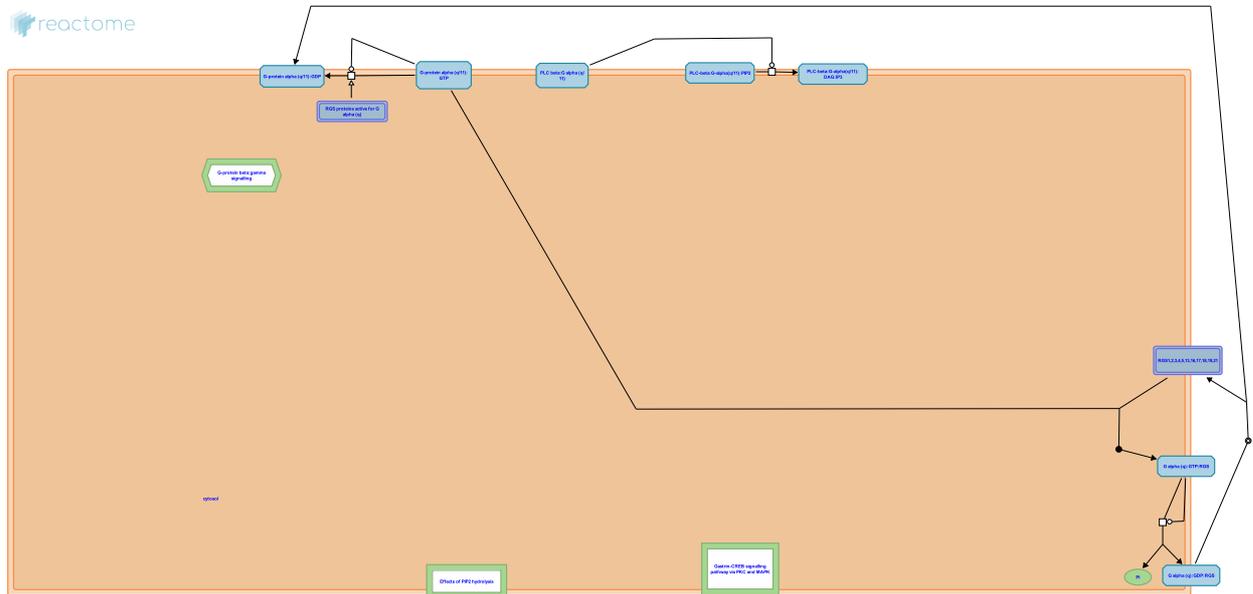
This document contains 3 pathways and 5 reactions ([see Table of Contents](#))

G alpha (q) signalling events ↗

Stable identifier: R-SCE-416476

Compartments: plasma membrane

Inferred from: G alpha (q) signalling events (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

G alpha (q) auto-inactivates by hydrolysing GTP to GDP ↗

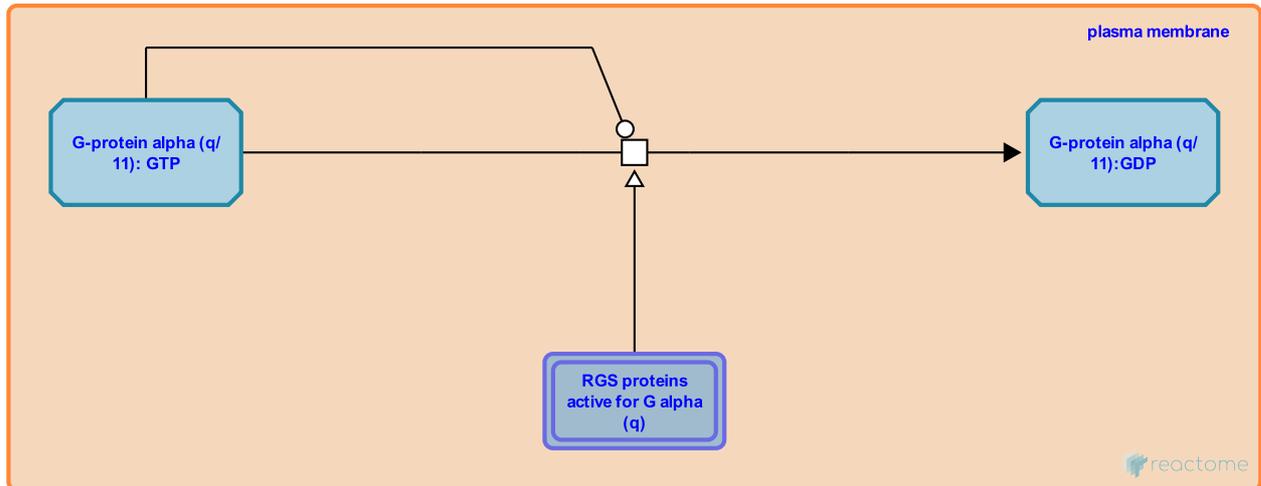
Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-418582

Type: transition

Compartments: plasma membrane

Inferred from: [G alpha \(q\) auto-inactivates by hydrolysing GTP to GDP \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

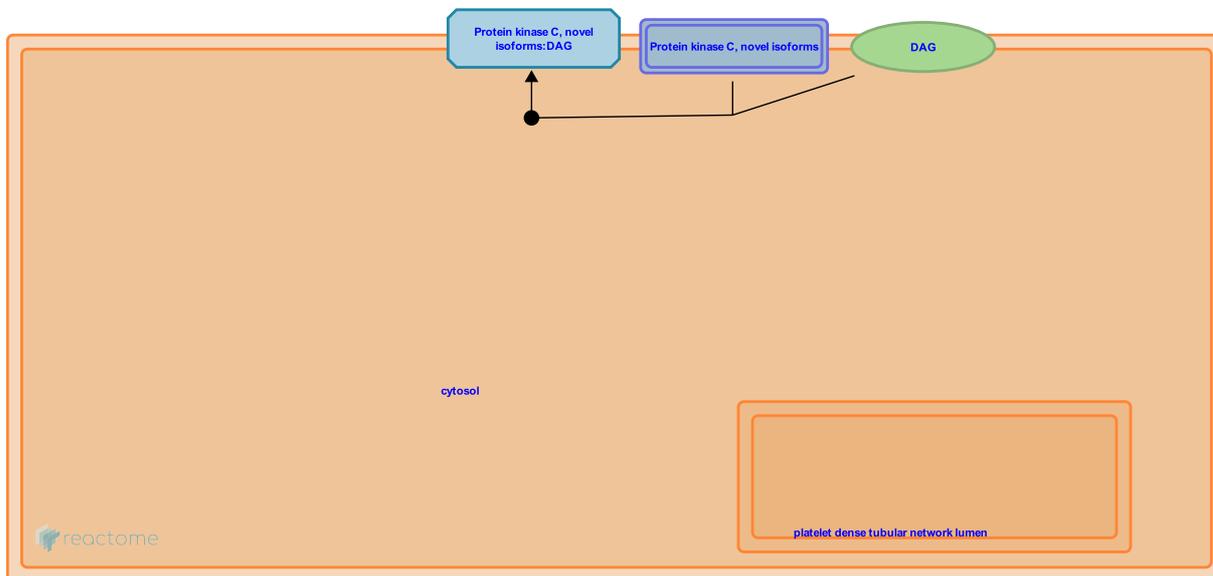
[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

Effects of PIP2 hydrolysis ↗

Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-114508

Inferred from: [Effects of PIP2 hydrolysis \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

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Active G alpha (q) binds RGS proteins ↗

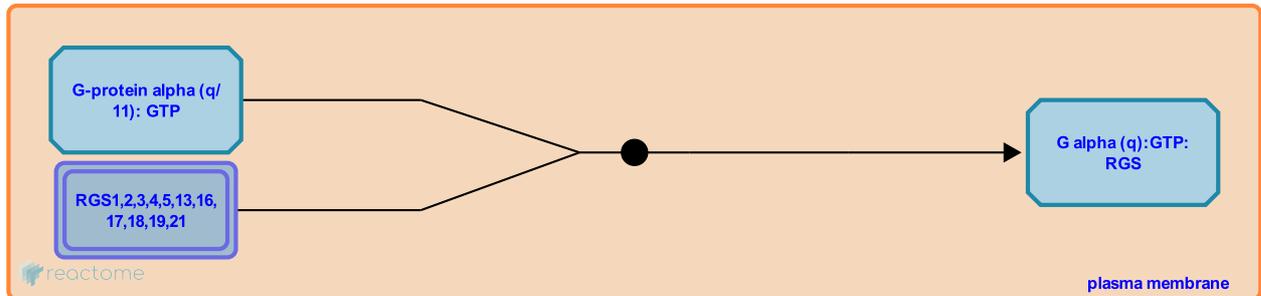
Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-8982017

Type: binding

Compartments: plasma membrane, cytosol

Inferred from: [Active G alpha \(q\) binds RGS proteins \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

Followed by: [G alpha \(q\) in G \(q\):RGS complex is inactivated](#)

G alpha (q) in G (q):RGS complex is inactivated ↗

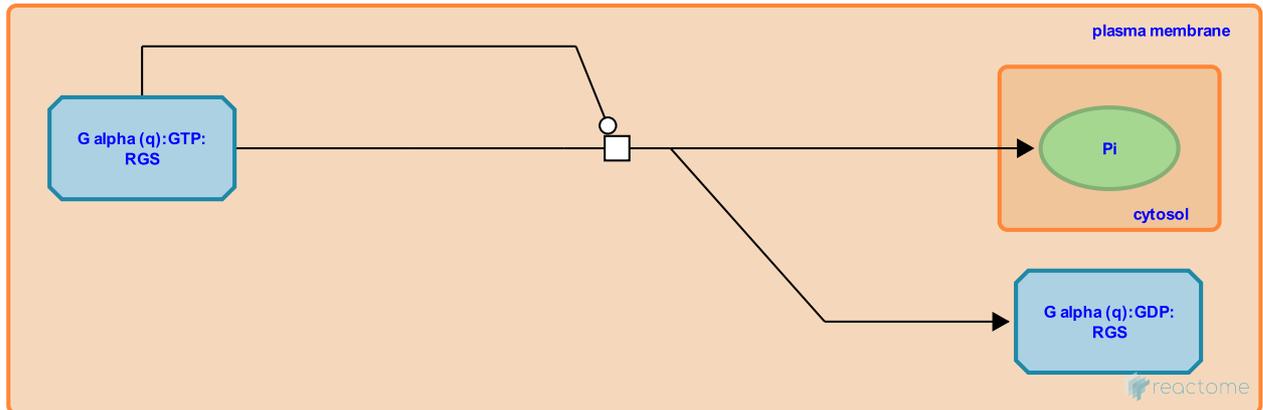
Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-8982025

Type: transition

Compartments: plasma membrane, cytosol

Inferred from: [G alpha \(q\) in G \(q\):RGS complex is inactivated \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

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Preceded by: [Active G alpha \(q\) binds RGS proteins](#)

Followed by: [G alpha \(q\):RGS dissociates to inactive G alpha \(q\)](#)

G alpha (q):RGS dissociates to inactive G alpha (q) ↗

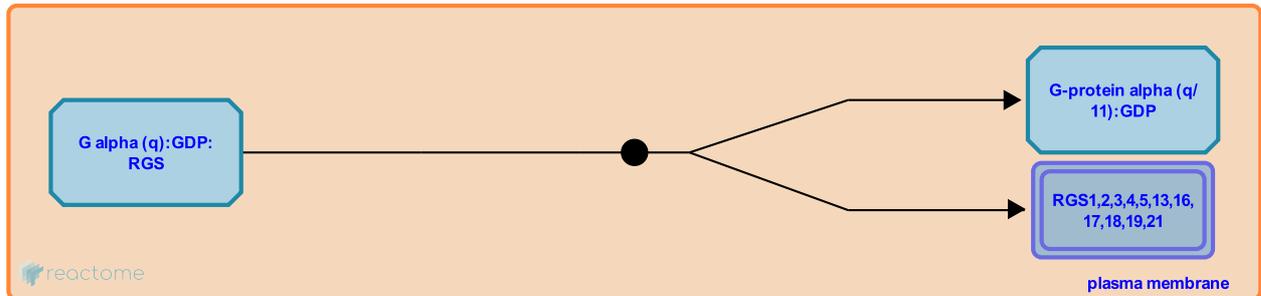
Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-8982026

Type: dissociation

Compartments: plasma membrane

Inferred from: [G alpha \(q\):RGS dissociates to inactive G alpha \(q\) \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

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[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

Preceded by: [G alpha \(q\) in G \(q\):RGS complex is inactivated](#)

PLC-beta hydrolyses PIP2 to DAG and IP3 ↗

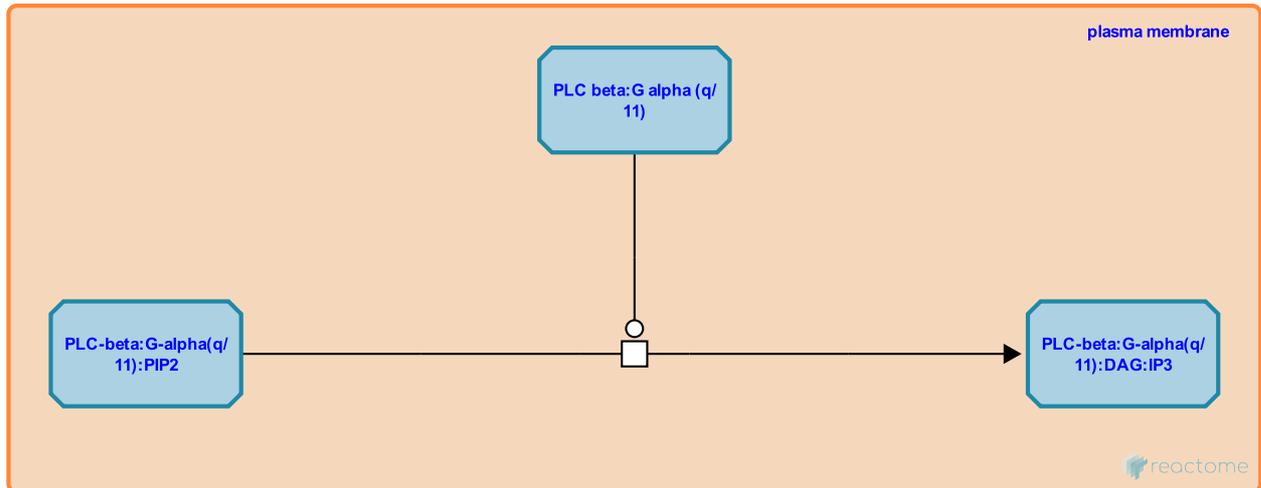
Location: [G alpha \(q\) signalling events](#)

Stable identifier: R-SCE-114688

Type: transition

Compartments: plasma membrane

Inferred from: [PLC-beta hydrolyses PIP2 to DAG and IP3 \(Homo sapiens\)](#)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

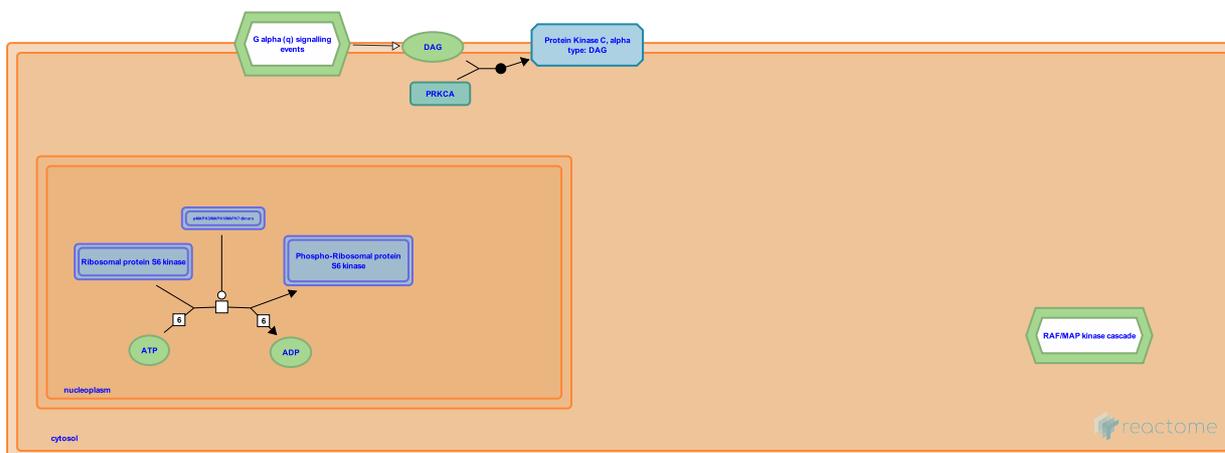
[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

Gastrin-CREB signalling pathway via PKC and MAPK ↗

Location: G alpha (q) signalling events

Stable identifier: R-SCE-881907

Inferred from: Gastrin-CREB signalling pathway via PKC and MAPK (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

[More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome.](/electronic_inference_compara.html) For details on PANTHER see also: <http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp>

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